# Sample Questions Integration

## Question 1

Find the value of the following integrals:

(a) 
$$\int_0^{\pi} x \sin(1-x^2) dx$$

(b) 
$$\int_0^e \frac{1}{x} \, dx$$

(c) 
$$\int \cos^2 \theta \ d\theta$$

# Question 2

Given

$$F(x) = \int_{1}^{x} t \sin t \, dt,$$

find  $\frac{dF}{dx}$ .

# Question 3

Find the value of the following definite integrals:

(a) 
$$\int_{-1}^{1} 2x \sin(1-x^2) dx$$

(b) 
$$\int_0^1 \frac{10\sqrt{v}}{(1+v^{3/2})^2} dv$$

## Question 4

Verfiy, using substitution, that for any function f(x),

$$\int_{a}^{b} f(x+c) \ dx = \int_{a-c}^{b-c} f(x) \ dx.$$

# Question 5

By calculating Riemann sums, show that

$$\int_{a}^{b} x^{2} dx = \frac{1}{3}(b^{3} - a^{3}).$$

# Question 6

Write down the following indefinite integrals

(a) 
$$\int \sin^2 x \ dx$$

(b) 
$$\int 4u^3 - u^{-2/3} + t \ du$$

(c) 
$$\int \frac{\theta \sin(\theta^2)}{\sqrt{\cos(\theta^2)}} d\theta$$

#### Question 7

Write down the following definite Integrals

(a) 
$$\int_{\pi/2}^{\pi} \sin^2 x \ dx$$

(b) 
$$\int_0^1 4u^3 - u^{-2/3} + t \ du$$

(c) 
$$\int_0^2 \sqrt{4-x^2} \, dx$$

#### Question 8

A rectangular swimming pool is 30 ft wide and 50 ft long. The table below shows the depth of the water h(x) at 10 ft intervals from one end of the pool to the other.

Position $x$ ft	0	10	20	30	40	50
Depth $h(x)$ ft	4.0	4.7	5.5	6.5	8.0	7.0

- (a) Estimate the volume of the pool using left-endpoint values.
- (b) Estimate the volume of the pool using right-endpoint values.

# Question 9

Evaluate the integral

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{2x+1}} \, dx$$

using substitution.

# Question 10

Write down the following integrals:

(a) 
$$\int 3x^2 - 6x + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} dx$$

(b) 
$$\int_0^1 4u^3 - u^{-2/3} + t \ du$$

(c) 
$$\int_0^2 \sqrt{4-x^2} \, dx$$

### Question 11

(a) Let f(x) be a function with the property that

$$f(x+c) = f(x)f(c) \tag{1}$$

for all x and c. Show that

$$f'(x+c) = f'(x)f(c).$$

(b) Use part (a) to explain why the derivative of any exponential function  $f(x) = a^x$  (where a > 0) at the point x = c is of the form

$$f'(c) = k_a a^c$$

for some constant  $k_a$ .

(c) Let e be the number so that the constant  $k_e$  from part (b) is 1. Show that  $k_a = \log_e a$ .

## Question 12

Write down the following indefinite integrals

(a) 
$$\int \cos^2 x \ dx$$

(b) 
$$\int 3t^2 + \sqrt{t} - \frac{1}{t} dt$$

(c) 
$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} dx$$

#### Question 13

Write down the following definite Integrals

(a) 
$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \cos^2 x \ dx$$

(b) 
$$\int_{1}^{4} 3t^2 + \sqrt{t} - \frac{1}{t} dt$$

(c) 
$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \sin \theta \sqrt{1 + \cos \theta} \ d\theta$$

# Question 14

Write down the value of

$$\frac{d}{dt} \int_{1}^{t} \cos u^{2} \ du$$